

## Legislators nix PUC-Nevada's dereg proposal

In a move welcomed by Local 1245, the Nevada Legislative Commission last month rejected the Public Utilities Commission of Nevada's approach to electric deregulation in the state.

The Legislative Commission, which takes action on behalf of the Legislature between legislative sessions, said the PUCN did not follow the intent of the original deregulation legislation with respect to allowing utilities to recover "stranded costs." The Commission also said the PUCN failed to provide the estimated economic effect of its proposed actions.

Key testimony at the Legislative Commission's April 3 hearing was provided by AFL-CIO Executive Director Danny Thompson, who has worked with Local 1245 to protect the interests of union members in Nevada's utility industry.

As in California, stranded costs have been one of the most controversial aspects of utility deregulation in Nevada. Utilities in both states have argued that they should be compensated for investments they were required to make to serve customers—investments which may not be recoverable in the new competitive environment.

Local 1245 maintains that the "stranded assets" concept should also apply to employees whose jobs are jeopardized by deregulation, and that funds should be made available to assist such employees.

## PG&E announces Clerical consolidation

The long suspense over Clerical consolidation at Pacific Gas & Electric Co. finally came to an end last month when the company announced it would consolidate Records functions and close the San Francisco Call Center.

In a Letter Agreement negotiated with Local 1245, the company agreed to several measures to mitigate the impacts on employees. These include enhancing the moving allowance, expanding the time period for employees to exercise "a" rights to vacant positions, increasing training assistance, and expanding the definition of

who can volunteer for severance.

Affected employees will also benefit from wage protection and severance provisions which the union negotiated last year during General Bargaining.

"I think it's an open question whether industry restructuring is worth the disruption it's bringing to utility employees and their families, but it's the reality we're faced with," said Local 1245 Business Manager Jack McNally. "As a union, our job is to make sure that displacements are carried out fairly and that all the protections we've negotiated are enforced."

The company met with Assistant Business Manager Dorothy Fortier and Senior Business Representative Ken Ball prior to the consolidation announcement. On April 12, the union's consolidation committee met with company officials to go over the new Letter Agreement. Serving on the union committee, in addition to Fortier, were: Donna Ambeau, Fran Andrakin-Baker, Anna Bayless-Martinez, Jerry Burns, Arlene Edwards, Brenda Fisher, Adrienne Franks, Olivia Mercado, Linda Norris,

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## Wage progression improved at Arbor Tree

Local 1245 made substantial headway on wage progression issues for line clearance tree trimmers during recent talks with Arbor Tree at union headquarters in Walnut Creek.

The parties agreed to a number of adjustments to individual tree trimmers' classifications based on their climbing or foreman experience.

The agreement demonstrated the type of progress that can be made when labor-management cooperation is pursued in good faith by both sides, according to Local 1245 Senior Business Rep. Landis Marttila.

"We came to mutual agreement on issues that benefit our members without having to resort to the grievance procedure," said Marttila.

Following this meeting the union met with members in San Luis Obispo to gather more information on wage



ARBOR TREE DISCUSSIONS

Meeting in Walnut Creek to discuss wage classification issues were, clockwise from left front, Local 1245 members Alan Danver, Enrique Hernandez, Eric Hall, and Senior Business Rep. Landis Marttila; Arbor Tree representatives Larry Surina, Matt Ennis, Andy Kilas, and Charles Booke. (Not pictured: Local 1245 member Miguel Valesquez.)

issues. Subsequent discussions between Local 1245 and Arbor resulted in further classification adjustments.

"These talks will put money in our members' pockets, and they also show how direct and open discus-

sion between labor and management can produce positive results for union tree trimmers," said Marttila.

Serving with Marttila on the union committee were Alan Danver, Enrique Hernandez, Eric Hall, and Miguel Valesquez.

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Concord, CA

MAY 12

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Bakersfield, CA

MAY 13

Service Awards  
Fresno, CA

MAY 19

Service Awards  
Oakland, CA

MAY 20

Service Awards  
Chico, CA

Stewards Conference  
Chico, CA

JUNE 2

Service Awards  
Concord, CA

JUNE 10

Outside Construction  
Stewards Conference  
Riverside, CA

Service Awards  
Riverside, CA

**APPOINTMENTS**

**CITY OF REDDING**

Negotiating Committee  
Robert Sandoval  
John Roberts  
James Rich  
Joe Kropholler

**CONFERENCES, COUNCILS & CONVENTIONS**

Inside Construction and Maintenance  
Conference  
Washington, DC  
Jack McNally  
Landis Marttila  
Art Murray

**California Labor Federation, AFL-CIO  
Joint Legislative Conference**

Jack McNally  
Howard Stiefer  
Jim McCauley  
Ed Mallory  
Mike Davis  
Eric Wolfe  
Jim Findley

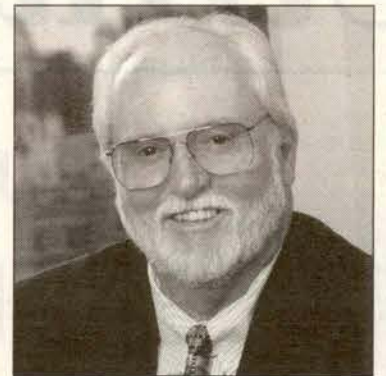
**IBEW Telecommunications  
Conference**

Jack Osburn  
Sheila Lawton  
David Vipon

**POINT OF VIEW**

**'Experts' fail to see that workers are key to reliability**

By Jack McNally, Business Manager



Employment for utility workers and reliable electric service for consumers are two sides of the same coin.

Unfortunately, this basic fact of life still seems to escape the attention of many policy makers. Except of course when there's a major outage, at which time they pull their heads out of the sand, express a deep and abiding concern for reliability, and look around for someone to blame.

This is not the way to make policy. But it's more or less the way that policy has been made in the electric service industry for the past decade or so.

A recent example is the final report of the Power Outage Study Team, a group of "experts" assembled by the federal Department

of Energy to investigate a series of electric outages last year in Chicago, New York and elsewhere.

These "experts" understand that the newly created competitive markets in electricity pose reliability problems. But their search for solutions is dominated by a fascination with technological fixes. Their final report makes no mention of the dramatic workforce reductions over the past decade among the employees who operate and maintain these electric systems.

The problem actually goes back to the late 1980s, when state regulators around the country discouraged the construction of new generation and neglected transmission issues. Utilities responded by scaling back on the construction of generating

plants and transmission facilities, and began downsizing their workforces. Quick fixes replaced sensible planning.

Today the chickens are coming home to roost. In many parts of the country there is beginning to be a serious lack of available generation. There is major congestion on transmission grids. There are transmission and distribution systems badly in need of repair and maintenance.

Couple this situation with a shortage of qualified lineworkers and you begin to get a pretty clear idea of why there is an increase in outages and why the country needed a Power Outage Study Team. Unfortunately, these "experts" fail to grasp the essential point that you need qualified people to do the work that needs to be done to provide the reliability they all want.

The IBEW will continue to express these concerns to the Department of Energy, and is working with members of Congress on language for any future electric restructuring bill to insure that worker quality is taken into consideration.

But our country is not going to be able to resolve these important reliability issues until policy makers at every level take off their blinders and see that the human infrastructure is every bit as important as the technological infrastructure.

Through the collective bargaining process, the IBEW has provided America with the most highly-skilled electrical workers in the world. Our members are fully capable of supplying the power America needs. Policy makers can study outages forever, but they will never find a solution if they cannot recognize the essential role played by utility workers, and remain blind to the problem of workforce reductions.



**UtilityReporter**

May 2000  
Vol. 49 No. 5  
Circulation: 24,700



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Published monthly at 3063 Citrus Circle, Walnut Creek, California 94598. Official publication of Local Union 1245, International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers, AFL-CIO, P.O. Box 4790, Walnut Creek, CA 94596.

Periodical postage paid at Walnut Creek and at additional mailing offices. USPS No. 654640, ISSN No. 0190-4965.

**POSTMASTER:** Please send Form 3579, Change of Address, and all correspondence to Utility Reporter, P.O. Box 4790, Walnut Creek, CA 94596.

Single copies \$1. Subscription by arrangement. Have you moved recently? Please send complete new address and your Social Security Number (by U.S. Mail) to: "Address Change", IBEW Local 1245, P.O. Box 4790, Walnut Creek, CA 94596. Our Web Site can be viewed at [www.IBEW1245.com](http://www.IBEW1245.com). Our phone number is (925) 933-6060.



# Outside Construction



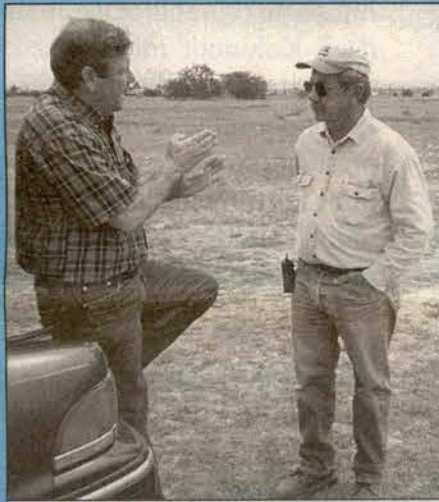
Local 1245 members working for Henkel & McCoy shortened span lengths on a job in Fontana, Ca. in late March.

The work was being done to accommodate bigger wire and the area's high winds. New developments are increasing electric demand in the area.

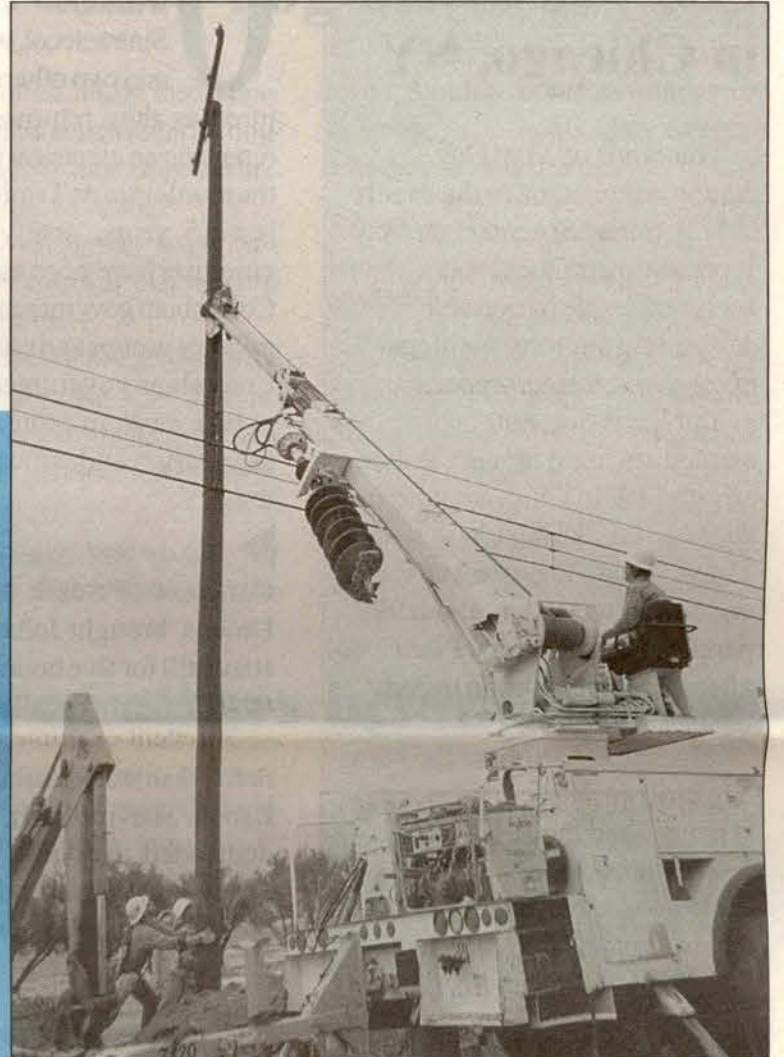
The Local 1245 crew consisted of Jim Kelly, foreman; Phil Aguirre and Al "Hoot" Gibson, linemen; John Radler, 4th-step apprentice; and Brian Waldron, 2nd-step apprentice.



Al "Hoot" Gibson



Local 1245 Business Rep. Tom Brown chats with Foreman Jim Kelly.



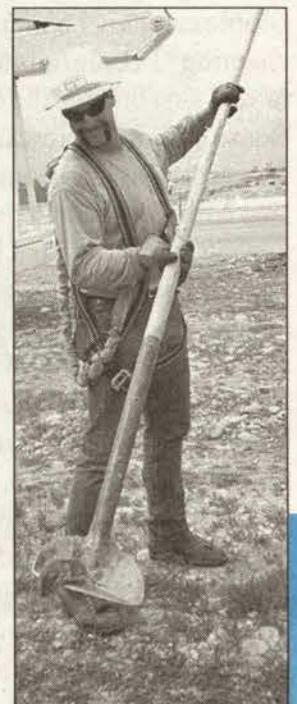
John Radler, Brian Waldron, and Phil Aguirre help Hoot Gibson, maneuver the new pole into position.



Phil Aguirre, on backhoe; Brian Waldrop; and Hoot Gibson



A gopher unearthed by the construction is rescued by John Radler (right), who relocates the little guy to a quieter patch of ground.







## May Day demos in Chicago, NY

Hundreds of May Day demonstrators took to the streets in U.S. financial centers on May 1, protesting political and economic exploitation and demanding amnesty for illegal immigrants, Reuters reported.

In New York, 600 people massed at Union Square. Police arrested 19. In Chicago, where the May Day holiday was born 114 years ago in pursuit of the eight-hour work day, about 900 people rallied in Daley Plaza after marching through the city center.

Flyers handed out at the New York rally protested "corporate tyranny" and the WTO, International Monetary Fund and World Bank. Many of the demonstrators were chanting "Amnesty now!" in Spanish to demand immigration amnesty for illegal aliens so they can receive benefits such as Social Security, passports and health care.

In Chicago, more than 200 people carrying banners and chanting "People before profit" rallied first outside the Chicago Board of Trade. Protesters said they were paying tribute to the first May Day march, held in Chicago in 1886. That historic march was followed by a police attack on a labor rally. An ensuing demonstration at Haymarket Square was hit by a bomb blast that killed several policemen.

Historians have said the four labor activists executed were prosecuted for their political ideas rather than for any proven connection to the bombing.

## Electrical workers murdered in Columbia

On April 8 two members of the Colombian electricity workers' union, Sintraelec, were murdered and two others seriously injured as they returned from a job repairing an electrical installation in the municipio de Trinidad. Over the last 15 years, nearly 3,000 trade unionists have been assassinated by Colombian government agents, paramilitary groups and rebel forces. The Colombian government has refused to take steps to protect freedom of association and collective bargaining.

**Jobs, Not Speculation:** The Congress of South African Trade Unions brought Johannesburg to a standstill for five hours last month as 60,000 marchers called on big business to invest money in job creation rather than stock market speculation, Labour Start reported. The marchers demanded a review of the Insolvency Act, which makes workers the last recipients of the proceeds of

liquidated companies, a basic grant for the unemployed, and the involvement of unions in the restructuring of state assets. COSATU president Willie Madisha warned that South Africa would face a general strike on May 10 if progress was not made on union demands.

**Miners Won't Come Up:**

Nearly a thousand co-workers staged a massive sit-in at Mostecka Uhelna, a Czech mining company, on April 12 in support of 50 coal miners who refused to come out of the 365-meter-deep Kohinoor mine. The miners want a quick sale of the troubled Kohinoor mine so they can resume production. A recent deal to sell the mine fell through. The miners' trade union chief Cyril Zapletal said the miners would stay underground until the mine had a new owner.

**Chinese Miners Riot:** Up to 20,000 miners rioted in a north-eastern Chinese town in February after their mine was closed, prompting the

authorities to send in troops to restore order, BBC News reported. The mine, which produced molybdenum for the electronics and aerospace industries, was the area's only major employer. At least five million workers are due to lose their jobs nationwide this year as China continues radical reforms of its state enterprises.

**Police Thwart Korean Rally:**

South Korean police on April 11 detained hundreds of striking auto workers after thwarting their planned rally near the president's office to protest the sale of Daewoo Motor Co. to a foreign buyer. Yonhap news agency said 932 protesters were detained in operations involving 8,000 riot police. Many South Koreans view the auto industry, the world's fifth largest, as a symbol of national economic pride; unions insist that Daewoo Motor should be nationalized or run by a domestic firm. Ford and GM are the apparent frontrunners in the race to acquire the company.





## Fire retardant clothing tested at SMUD

Local 1245 members at the Sacramento Municipal Utility District don't mind wearing fire retardant clothing—they just want it to fit right.

Dissatisfaction with the current brand of fire retardant clothing at SMUD has led to the creation of a

pilot program to locate and test alternative brands.

Cal-OSHA requires that people who work on energized conductors must not wear clothing that could contribute to an injury. But there's nothing in the rules that requires fire protective clothing to be uncomfortable.

"We had some problems with the clothes," said Local 1245 member Scott Hylton, who is participating in the pilot program.

"The stuff was too hot in the summer and too cold in the winter. The guys' belts were slipping because the pants were too slippery."

SMUD agreed to establish a committee to find out what alternatives were available. Representing the union on the committee, in addition to Hylton, were Grant Ritchie and Jim Waites.

The committee members started sifting through brochures from various manufacturers to come up with some new options.

"There are fire retardant jeans out there that look a lot like regular jeans,"

as well as fire retardant polo-style shirts, noted Hylton.

The pilot program currently has about 20 employees wearing three different styles of pants and three different styles of shirts. After two weeks, the employees report back on their experience with the clothing.

The pilot will run for six months or so to give employees a chance to test the clothes in different seasons.

The District's contract with its current manufacturer runs through July 2001. The pilot program aims to have a recommendation on alternatives around the end of this year.

"The District has worked real well with us on this," said Hylton. "They recognized we had some problems and they basically let us go out and find what we need."

SMUD has agreed to pay for the clothing as well as laundry costs. Each employee is provided with eight sets of clothes.

"We came out with a pretty good deal here," said Hylton.

## Unit updates

Turlock Irrigation District, which does not yet have a unit number assigned to it, will meet the first Thursday of the month at 5:00 pm at the VFT Hall, 1405 E. Linwood St., in Turlock.

**Dennis Seyfer**  
Business Rep.

Unit 1122, Merced Irrigation District, now meets at 5:00 pm. Meetings are still on the first Tuesday of the month at the Branding Iron, 640 W. 16th St. in Merced.

**Dennis Seyfer**  
Business Rep.

Unit 1215, Pismo Beach/San Luis Obispo, now meets at Round Table Pizza, 1055 Olive St. in San Luis Obispo. Meetings now begin at 4:00 pm. Meeting dates remain unchanged.

**Dan Lockwood**  
Business Rep.

Unit 1220, Diablo Canyon, has a new unit chair: Lynn Moon.

**Dan Lockwood**  
Business Rep.

Unit 2314, Hayward/Livermore/Fremont, still meets, at 28261 Patio Dr., Castro Valley, but the name of the establishment has been changed to BBQ & Pizza.

**Debbie Mazzanti**  
Business Rep.

Unit 2516, City of Lodi, meets on the second Thursday of the month. Meetings still start at 4:30 pm. Location remains Round Table, Kettleman Lane, in Lodi.

**Dennis Seyfer**  
Business Rep.

Unit 3716, Napa-Vallejo, now meets at 6:00 pm at Molly's Seafood & Grill in Napa.

**Ed Caruso**  
Business Rep.

Unit 3911, Sacramento Municipal Utility District, now meets Club 65, 2995 65th St. in Sacramento. Dates and times unchanged.

**Wayne Greer**  
Business Rep.

## Turning Dreams into Homes



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# Stewards Conference PG&E Sacramento

March 18, 2000



Judy Long and Mary Wise

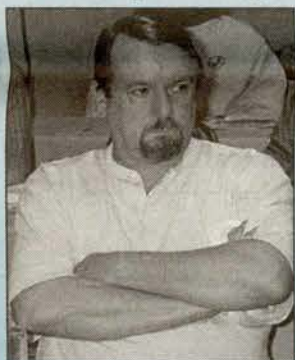


John Toney and Greg Steed

Local 1245 stewards meeting in Sacramento discussed the grievance procedure. Other topics included the impact on the workforce of utility deregulation, PG&E divestiture activity, the PG&E General Rate Case, the impending closure of the San Francisco Call Center, and Records consolidation. Leading the discussion were Assistant Business Manager Roger Stalcup and Business Reps. Bernard Smallwood and Phil Carter.



Jack South



Bill Wallace



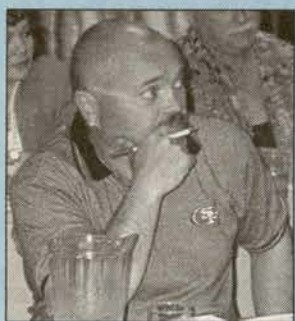
Mike Creighton

Tony Araya  
Ruth Bailey  
Eric Celosse  
Arlene Cook  
Mark Creighton  
Jerry Davis  
Thelma Dixon  
Arlene Edwards  
James Edwards  
Albert Fox  
Marie Graham  
Danny Jackson  
Mike Joy  
Linda Lawrence  
Judy Long

Felicia Mack  
Pate McKissack Jr.  
Dan Parmenter  
Norma Ricker  
Nick Salvatorelli  
Bonnie Semas  
Jack South  
Greg Steed  
John Toney  
Billy Wallace  
Mary Wise



Linda Lawrence



Eric Celosse



Ruth Bailey



Danny Jackson



Norma Ricker and Thelma Dixon



Bonnie Semas and Arlene Cook



Marie Graham and Bonnie Semas



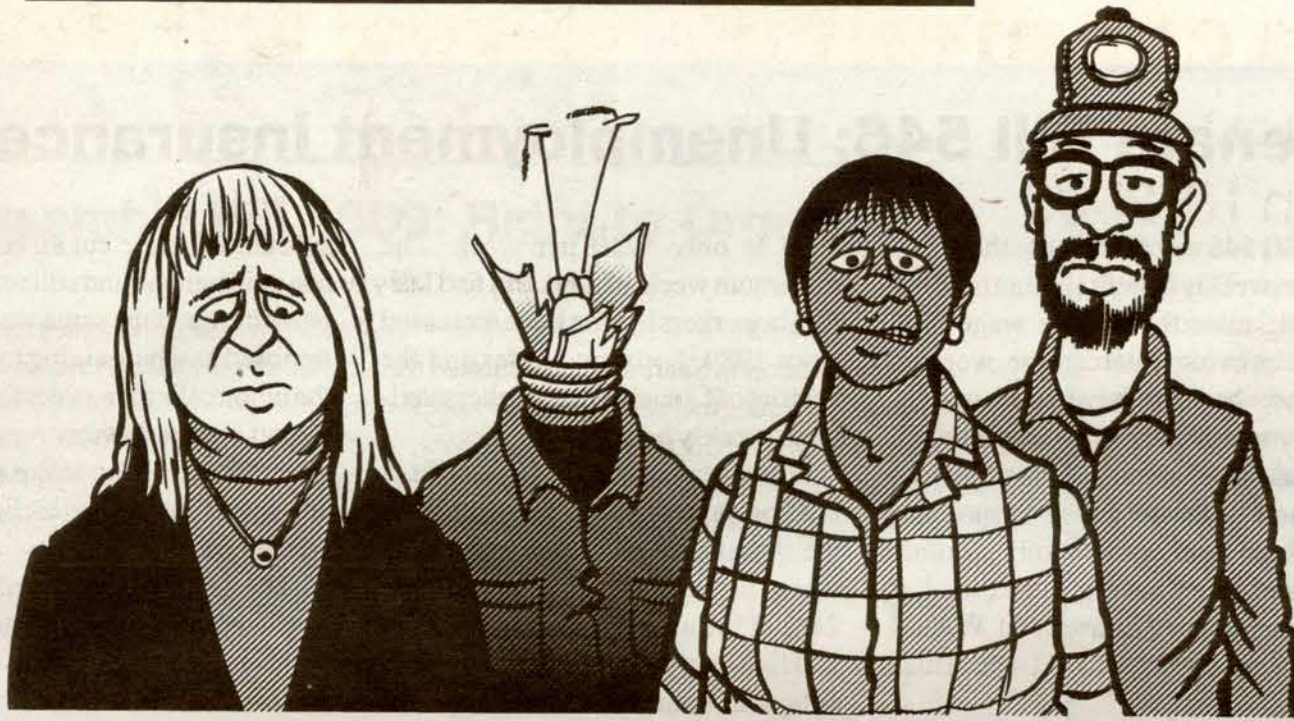
Mike Joy and Jerry Davis



A RECENT N.I.O.S.H. REPORT SAYS THAT 26 PER CENT OF U.S. WORKERS SAY THEY ARE OFTEN BURNED OUT OR STRESSED BY THEIR WORK.

HUCK/KONOPACKI LABOR CARTOONS - JUNE  
WWW.SOLIDARITY.COM/HKCARTOONS

KONOPACKI  
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## New posts for Choate, Murray

Long-time Local 1245 Business Reps Art Murray and Bob Choate have been appointed to serve as Assistant Business Managers.

Murray now has overall



Murray

responsibility for Outside Construction, non-PG&E private sector employers, and safety issues, including

PG&E safety.

Choate, who represented members on the north coast for over a decade,



Choate

and more recently represented members in Nevada, now has overall responsibility

for the grievance procedure at Pacific Gas & Electric.

## PG&E announces Clerical consolidation

### ► From Page 3

Annette Oftedal, Kim Reed, and Karen Russell.

The company distributed notices of the consolidations and displacements to employees in impacted headquarters during the second week of April. At that time the directly-impacted employees were given their preferential bidding/transfer rights to other positions within the company.

Employees in the Customer Services line of progression in impacted headquarters were given the opportunity to update their Title 19 election forms, and to prioritize severance as their first choice if they so wished.

This opportunity to elect severance, a product of the last General Bargaining, is designed to give employees wishing to leave a chance to do so when employees in their classification at their headquarters are targeted for displacement, which in turn can reduce the need for involuntary severance activity. Last month's Letter

Agreement (LANo. R2-00-14-PGE) expanded this mechanism by allowing employees in impacted headquarters to elect severance regardless of their classification.

The Letter Agreement also outlines the sequence for filling Meter Reader positions.

The union proposed provisions for extended rehire rights and an early retirement program, but the company did not agree. However, the company did agree to:

- ◆ Expand the time period in which employees can exercise "a" rights to vacant positions which the company intends to fill now;
- ◆ Offer a moving allowance of up to \$5,000, more than doubling the \$2400 provided for in the existing labor agreement;
- ◆ Increase training assistance by refunding 100% of the direct cost of completing an approved course up to a cap of \$5,000 per year for the year immediately following separation

from the company for employees who are laid off as a result of the current displacements.

Concerning meter readers, last month's Letter Agreement specifies:

"Directly impacted employees who were previously Meter Readers will be given preferential "a" transfer rights to Meter Reader vacancies until the company begins the involuntary displacement process. The company will also fill Meter Reader vacancies with employees who have previously been given preferential transfer rights to Meter Reader positions."

Under the terms of the labor agreement negotiated during General Bargaining last fall, any employee who is displaced to a lower-paying classification due to lack of work will continue to receive their former wage for a period of three years. The labor agreement also increased the severance payment to two weeks pay for each year of service, plus four weeks pay, plus a lump sum of \$5,000.

## Healthier Allison

Heather Allison has been hired as an Administrative Associate in Local 1245's Walnut Creek headquarters.



Allison

Allison, a native of Washington state, previously worked in an administrative capacity for a Bay Area paving company.

Allison was hired as a regular employee in April after serving a brief stint as a temporary worker. Her current assignment is Dispatching.

We welcome Healthier to Local 1245.



# Unions call on California legislature

Union members from around California converged on Sacramento April 25-26 to press state legislators to enact the remaining bills in labor's "Building Prosperity" legislative program.

Key priorities this term include raising Unemployment Insurance benefits, establishing the Childcare Development Corps, protecting the right to organize, and requiring corporate recipients of tax breaks to account for how the money is spent.

The conference and lobbying follow up last year's successful passage of several bills important to working families, including the restoration of overtime, workplace safety, and family sick leave.

Unionists were addressed by numerous public officials, including Gov. Gray Davis, Industrial Relations head Steve Smith, Assembly Labor Committee chair Darrell Steinberg, Senate Industrial Relations chair Hilda Solis, and Commissioner of Labor Art Lujan.

Representing Local 1245 at the conference were Jack McNally, Howard Stiefer, Jim McCauley, Ed Mallory, Mike Davis, Eric Wolfe and Jim Findley.

## Senate Bill 546: Unemployment Insurance

SB 546 would increase the maximum weekly benefit amount to \$300/week, raise the taxable wage base and provide interest for workers whose benefits have been wrongfully withheld by the state. The bill would implement a "movable base period." It would also ensure that striking workers, workers who are locked out following a strike, and/or workers who are awarded WARN damages are entitled to UI benefits.

### Background

Just over one in three jobless Californians qualify for unemployment benefits and benefit levels are lower than in most states. Federal law provides guidelines for benefits; each state designs its own financing, coverage and eligibility provisions. Unfortunately, because of its program design, California's UI program fails to meet workers' needs.

The current maximum benefit

level is only \$230 per week. The maximum weekly UI benefit for California workers has not been increased since 1989. Forty-one states and the District of Columbia pay higher maximum weekly benefits.

The average weekly UI benefit in California, taken as a percentage of the average weekly wage, is now the worst in the nation, replacing only 24% of the average weekly wage.

High earnings requirements and delays in counting earnings toward eligibility hinder workers' ability to receive benefits. A "base period of earnings" is used to determine whether a jobless worker has earned enough to qualify for UI benefits. California's method of determining the base period excludes many deserving workers.

Current exemptions to eligibility also preclude many classes of persons from receiving benefits. Under current law if an employer imposes a

substantial wage cut an employee can quit their job and still receive UI benefits, but if the same wage cut is imposed as a bargaining tactic and the union calls for a strike following the cut, the worker receives no benefits. Workers who strike and then are locked out are also ineligible for UI benefits.

The UI Appeals Board has recently created a new restraint on eligibility by ruling that workers awarded civil damages for their employer's failure to provide them advance notice of a plant closure, as required by the federal Worker Adjustment Retraining and Notification Act (WARN), may be denied UI benefits, or their benefits may be reduced.

SB 546 would go a long way toward correcting these shortcomings in California's Unemployment Insurance program.

## Assembly Bill 212: Childcare Services & Quality

AB 212 establishes the Child Development Corps which will provide quality childcare by rewarding teaching staff and family child care providers who meet specific educational requirements, who commit to remaining in their child care job for a specified period of time and to pursuing ongoing professional development. Corps members would be rewarded with annual monetary stipends.

### Background

The national effort to move parents from welfare into the workforce also moves children into an overcrowded, underfunded daycare system. About

70% of all moms of pre-school children work outside the home, many of them in low-to-moderate pay jobs.

At the same time that welfare reform has increased the demand for childcare services, many experienced teachers have left the childcare field to teach school. California taxpayers currently invest millions of dollars a year on training entry level child care teachers and providers; however, due to extremely high turnover in the field, much of this investment is lost.

Childcare workers are generally underpaid. The median weekly earnings of full-time, salaried childcare workers are \$260, with the bottom

10% of these workers earning less than \$130. Low pay leads to a shortage of trained workers and jeopardizes the quality of childcare.

California cannot provide high quality childcare without investing adequate resources. However, the investment of monies needs to be coupled with a long-term goal.

Providing stipends to childcare providers as an incentive to training and retention will help create a stable, skilled childcare workforce. Providing stipends to childcare workers will also bridge the barrier between what parents can afford for childcare and what teachers and providers are paid.

## Assembly

AB 1220 would require the Tax Board to disclose information on any corporate manufacturing tax credit, enterprise zone credits or wage-based zone credits, including the number of equivalent employees and the amount of medical insurance contributed for non-supervisory employees by the corporation.

### Background

The State Department releases a yearly report on tax expenditures. Tax ex



# Assembly Bill 1220 Tax Credit Disclosure

AB 1220 would require the Franchise Tax Board to disclose certain information on any corporation claiming manufacturing tax credits, enterprise zone credits or wage credits, including the number of full-time equivalent employees and the share of medical insurance contributions for non-supervisory employees paid by the corporation.

## Background

The State Department of Finance releases a yearly report on California's tax expenditures. Tax expenditures

include exclusions, exemptions, deductions, credits, preferential tax rates and other special tax provisions.

Unfortunately, the Finance Department's report does not evaluate the effectiveness of these expenditures, which cost California \$27 billion in 1997-98. There is no way to determine whether companies which receive tax breaks provide their workforce with adequate wages and benefits, or whether tax expenditures have any beneficial impact on the state's economy.

According to Time Magazine, it

costs every working person the equivalent of two weeks pay every year to fund federal corporate welfare. It is irrational to give away billions of dollars in tax expenditures without effective disclosure and oversight.

Last year, the State of Maine required accountability from corporations receiving over \$10,000 in public subsidies and tax breaks annually. The bill provides, among other things, disclosure of corporate welfare costs and the average rates of pay for each job classification.





# to protect working families

## Assembly Bill 1889: Right to Organize

Assembly Bill 1889 would ensure that taxpayer dollars are not misused to silence the voice of workers. Specifically, the bill would prohibit those recipients of state funds which choose to engage in anti-worker activities from using state funds to do so. The bill, vetoed in 1999, will be re-introduced to protect workers' freedom to choose a union and ensure proper use of taxpayer funds.

### Background

California has never prohibited the use of state funds to interfere with workers' freedom to choose a union. Currently, recipients of state funds, including those who receive contract payments, reimbursements, grants and/or direct payments, may use taxpayer funds to engage in anti-worker

organizing drives. Workers in many industries face sophisticated, expensive campaigns to deny their freedom to choose a union.

The bill would level the playing field by ensuring that the power and resources of the state will not be used to deprive employees of their voice in the workplace.

The state would benefit by the bill in two principal ways. First, the bill would ensure that state funds are not wasted on expensive anti-worker campaigns and that employers who wish to wage such campaigns use their own money to do so. Second, it would prevent productivity losses in state-funded projects resulting from work interruption and labor conflicts that often accompany contested worker representation elections.

## Bill 1220 Tax Credit Disclosure

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include exclusions, exemptions, deductions, credits, preferential tax rates and other special tax provisions.

Unfortunately, the Finance Department's report does not evaluate the effectiveness of these expenditures, which cost California \$27 billion in 1997-98. There is no way to determine whether companies which receive tax breaks provide their workforce with adequate wages and benefits, or whether tax expenditures have any beneficial impact on the state's economy.

According to Time Magazine, it

costs every working person the equivalent of two weeks pay every year to fund federal corporate welfare. It is irrational to give away billions of dollars in tax expenditures without effective disclosure and oversight.

Last year, the State of Maine required accountability from corporations receiving over \$10,000 in public subsidies and tax breaks annually. The bill provides, among other things, disclosure of corporate welfare costs and the average rates of pay for each job classification.

## Local 1245: reports from the field

"You only get as much justice as you have the power to compel." This statement by Plumbers Local 393 member Fred Kirsch dramatically summarized the overall political objective of a recent three-day political workshop put on by the South Bay Labor Council. Labor derives its power to compel through the participation of its members. The goal of the training was to develop the capacity of union members to take on leadership roles in labor political programs and election activity.

The group learned methods for increasing the quantity and quality of union members' participation in political activity, such as phone banking and precinct walking.

IBEW Local 1245 members have always played an important role in politics. When you are called upon to volunteer for phone banking or precinct walking this election cycle, please respond positively and do your part to increase working families' power to compel justice.

The workshop grade will be determined in November 2000.

William Wallace, Advisory Council  
San Jose & City of Santa Clara

I would like to thank the following Local 1245 members for their support of the Butte-Glenn Central Labor Council phone bank: Tom Conwell, Bill Evans, Mike Hamm and Janice Sciarrotta. They spent many hours on the phone bank to help get out the vote for local, state and national candidates. The defeat of Prop. 25 in Butte County was 2% higher than the state-wide average. Their efforts and the efforts of the other union members who worked on the phone bank makes me very proud of union members in this area.

Micky Harrington  
President, Butte-Glenn Central Labor Council



Assembly Labor Committee chair Darrell Steinberg (3rd from left) is greeted at the Legislative Conference by Local 1245 delegates (from left) Ed Mallory, Jim McCauley, and Jim Findley.



# Unionists swell ranks of World Bank protest

Union members joined green-haired students dressed as sea turtles, seniors wearing "It's Time to Mother Earth" stickers, Korean drummers in native costume and more than 30,000 others who traveled to Washington, D.C., for a massive Mobilization for Global Justice march and rally April 16.

As thousands marched and took part in street theater downtown, almost 10,000 activists rallied near the White House, where they heard from union leaders and international workers' rights representatives and danced to Latin American and Reggae music in a program emceed by author and director Michael Moore.

"Our message is that citizens of rich nations as well as poor nations are united in our demand that the IMF, the WTO and the World Bank stop encouraging corporate greed and start addressing human need," said AFL-CIO Secretary-Treasurer Richard Trumka, speaking to the crowd as it embarked on a mass march to the World Bank building.

A daylong series of events, held as finance ministers and World Bank and International Monetary Fund representatives met, shut down city streets and disrupted the meetings. Building on the 40,000-strong rally and march last November in Seattle to protest World Trade Organization policies, activists say they came to Washington, D.C., to highlight how the two world lending institutions impoverish developing nations with

crushing debt payments.

Despite occasional clashes between demonstrators and police, the protests remained mostly non-violent and often festive. Giant *papier mache* figures, representing various failed or destructive World Bank projects around the world, swayed in the early morning drizzle, according to a report for Corporate Watch by Kenny Bruno. Dancing puppets portrayed the World Bank as a loan shark. A Trojan Horse occupied one intersection while a huge pink "capitalist pig" wove through the crowd with a globe in its mouth and the words "World Bank" emblazoned on one side and "IMF" on the other.

"We started something big in Seattle," said Jeff Engels, an organizer with the Inland Boatmen's Union/Longshore and Warehouse Union, who has been building student-union coalitions in Seattle since the November mobilization there. "Young people are good for the unions," he said. "We're looking to move it from a coalition to a movement."

Many of the demonstrators were from Third World countries that have suffered directly from World Bank and IMF policies.

"We have not come to negotiate with the Bank and the Fund. We have come to Washington to shut down these two institutions," said Walden Bello, a professor of public administration and sociology at the University of the Philippines and a



Although clashes with police distracted attention from the rally's main message, the American people learned much about the shortcoming of the World Bank and IMF.

leading critic of the IMF and World Bank.

"I am very pleased, very inspired, quite amazed at all the people who have come out to speak truth to power," said Njoke Njeho, a Kenyan with the Coalition for Mobilization for Global Justice.

Oscar Olivera, a Bolivian machinist who helped lead a successful mass uprising over attempts to privatize the nation's water supply—forcing Bechtel and other corporate giants to abandon plans to charge residents excessive fees for water—hid for four days in Bolivia to escape arrest for his mobilization efforts before coming to Washington.

"The people have recaptured their dignity, their capacity to organize

themselves—and most important of all, the people are no longer scared," Olivera said to thunderous applause.

Analysts Russell Mokhiber and Robert Weissman cited widespread media coverage of the event and organized labor's participation as two of the most significant aspects of the World Bank/IMF protests.

The media coverage, they said, has made the US public "newly aware of what the IMF and World Bank are" and taught millions of people in the United States how the institutions' policies hurt people in poor countries. "There was probably more U.S. mainstream media coverage of IMF/World Bank/structural adjustment issues in the past two weeks than in the previous 20 years combined," they noted.

They credited the AFL-CIO with beginning to develop a "penetrating critique" of so-called export-led development. Instead of joining in a race to the bottom to produce goods using sweatshop labor or lax environmental standards, the AFL-CIO is suggesting that countries should instead concentrate on developing productive capacity to meet local needs, Mokhiber and Weissman said.

Corporate Watch and the AFL-CIO contributed to this report.

World Bank  
International Monetary Fund

Protest



# China pact: another case of world trade gone wrong

15,000 union members bring message to Congress: 'No Blank Check for China'

Supporting red-and-black UNITE caps, blue UAW jackets, black-and-gold Teamsters banners, green AFSCME T-shirts, red Steelworkers ball caps and the colors of dozens more unions, 15,000 union members filled the West steps of the U.S. Capitol and spilled onto the lawn in an April 12 rally to tell Congress: "No Blank Check for China!"

"Until there is freedom of speech and freedom of association in China, until there is freedom of religion and freedom to join unions in China, there can be no permanent free trade agreement with China," AFL-CIO President John Sweeney told the cheering crowd.

The noon event—during which nearly a dozen semi-trucks driven by IBT members honked and circled the Capitol—was part of a day long rally and lobby action during which union members from across the country visited their lawmakers and stood together in solidarity against efforts by Congress to grant permanent Normal Trade Relations (NTR) to China.

Congress is expected to vote in late May on a proposal to grant the permanent free trade status to China, which would scrap annual congressional review of that nation's human rights and trade practices and give China permanent access to U.S. markets. Backers of permanent Normal Trade Relations claim opening China to more trade will force that nation to improve its human and workers' rights practices. But a recent U.S. State Department report shows China's rights record continues to deteriorate, despite growing trade with the United States.

Addressing the crowd from the West steps stage, Wei Jingsheng offered a stark reminder of how China treats its workers. For speaking out about how the government abused workers, he spent 18 years in prison, many in solitary confinement, and endured torture and regular beatings.

"When workers in China don't have the right to express themselves and to organize into free trade unions, and are locked into their factories earning \$100 a month, workers all over the world, including U.S. workers, are threatened," he said



Unionists rally in Washington DC

through an interpreter.

If Chinese workers were permitted free speech, Wei said, they would speak out against permanent NTR and China's entry into the World Trade Organization. "They share your will" to fight, he said.

The United States has negotiated several trade agreements with China during the past decade, all of which it has violated.

"They proved we couldn't trust them then, why should we trust them now?" asked James Conigliaro, who traveled to the rally from Machinists District Lodge 15, which represents workers in New York and New Jersey.

Union members at the rally said their two biggest concerns with scrapping annual review of China's behavior are human rights abuses and potential job loss here at home.

"You've got to stand up for what's right. Things we take for granted—the right to organize, not go to jail for speaking your mind—Chinese workers don't have that," said Dave Lucas, secretary treasurer of IBT Local 671 in Hartford, Conn.

UAW member Debra Williams from Fremont, Calif., was among the thousands of union members visiting members of Congress to urge them to vote against legislation to grant permanent China permanent NTR.

"We know the world is a global marketplace now," said Williams during a meeting with Rep. Mike Thompson (D-Calif.) and five other union members. "But we want it to be a fair marketplace, too, and we have deep concerns about China's human rights abuses, the terrible environmental problems their industry creates and American job loss," she said.

## Global debt hurts US workers, too

Saddled with enormous debt owed to international financial institutions and rich countries, the governments of many developing nations expose their citizens to exploitation by multinational corporations and are unable to spend money on critical health and education needs.

This overwhelming debt helps speed the global "race to the bottom," lowering wages, living standards and workers' rights not only in poor nations, but in the United States as well. Relieving that debt would help create a global economy that works for working families in all nations.

Because they lack their own resources, poor governments have to borrow billions of dollars from the World Bank and the International Monetary Fund to finance their economic development. But these institutions often require poor countries to reduce spending on social programs, cut wages, eliminate job security and privatize public enterprises. These moves can be devastating, leading to massive job losses, which in turn make it hard for governments to afford to pay back their debts.

The pressure to repay their debt prevents governments of developing nations from meeting their citizens' basic needs. For example, Zambia spends \$3 on debt payments for every \$1 it spends on basic social services. This in a country where, according to the Harvard University Center for International Development, 20% of the population is HIV positive, 30% of children have no vaccinations and half of the population has no access to safe drinking water.

Meanwhile, in their efforts to augment international loans with private investments, governments of developing nations often lower labor standards and wages to attract corporations—undercutting jobs here and abroad by forcing competition with workers who earn as little as 10 cents an hour.

"The corporate-dominated global economy must be reformed," says AFL-CIO President John Sweeney. "The global race to the bottom must be reversed before it further undermines living standards around the world."





# Working Women want more time, more income security, more respect

## WOMEN WORKERS' HISTORY

### Homestead, 1892

In Homestead, Penn., where men made steel, women worked hard to make decent homes out of grimy, shabby houses. The working class women of Homestead may not have worked in the town's steel mills, but they had a stake in the survival of the Amalgamated Association of Iron and Steel Workers when mill owner Andrew Carnegie and manager Henry Clay Frick targeted the union for destruction.

In 1892, when the union refused a wage cut, Carnegie and Frick shut the mills and declared them non-union. In June the company attempted to sneak 300 armed Pinkerton agents into the mills via river barges, as a prelude to reopening the mills with scab labor. But the people of Homestead were waiting for them. When the barges pulled up to the landing place, several hundred men and women—"mothers, wives and sisters," reported journalist Arthur Burgoyne—broke down the gates and rushed the beach. The Pinkertons fired into the crowd; the workers fired back, beginning a day-long battle. At least nine workers lost their lives.



The Pinkertons were forced to surrender—and run a gauntlet of townspeople. "Women, converted for the nonce into veritable furies, belabored Mr Frick's janizaries with bludgeons, stoned them, kicked them and spat upon them," Burgoyne wrote. Eventually, despite a long and heroic struggle, the strike was broken by the military and the courts.

**F**acing tremendous demands on their time from family and work it is no wonder that family leave ranks high among working women's legislative priorities.



### Paid Family Leave

According to the AFL-CIO's Working Women survey, an overwhelming 83% of working women say expanding the Family and Medical Leave Act and providing paid leave is important to them—and 51% say it is very important.

Similarly, laws to make quality health care more affordable remain an urgent priority. As the number of working families without health insurance continues to rise, it's not surprising that an overwhelming majority of working women (84%) say improving health care is an important legislative priority—and 57% say it is very important.



### Health Care

And women of all ages say legislation to improve retirement security is also a top priority. Overall, 81% of working women say it's important (and 55% say it's very important) to pass laws to strengthen pensions and Social Security. While the importance of such laws increases with age, even younger women identify them as a priority. Three-quarters of working women under the age of 30 say they are important.



### Retirement Security

Equal pay is still the No. 1 policy issue for working women. When it comes to their legislative priorities, working women cite stronger equal pay laws more than any other issue: 87% say it is important, and 51% say it is very important.



### Equal Pay

Working women—whether they have young children at home or not—say we need laws to improve the quality and affordability of child care and after-school care. Improving

child care is important to 70% of all working women, 76% of women with children under age 18 and 65 percent of working women without young children at home.

On the job, working women are looking for higher pay, better benefits and most of all, respect. When asked what they personally most want to improve on their jobs, more than three-quarters (78%) of working women say they want respect and recognition on the job, and this sentiment is most strongly felt by women earning less than \$25,000 a year (84%).

Other top personal priorities include a safe work environment (77%), higher pay and promotions (77%), retirement security (75%) and health insurance (75%).

This working women's agenda—equal pay, paid family leave, health care and retirement security—cuts across all race, ethnic and income groups. Time, pay and benefit issues are the top priorities for all working women—regardless of age, salary, ethnic background, education level or any other factor.

## WHAT WORKING WOMEN WANT

	Equal Pay	Quality, Affordable Health Care	Family and Medical Leave Act/Paid Leave	Pensions and Social Security
All working women	87%	84%	83%	81%
White	87%	82%	82%	81%
African American	88%	85%	84%	77%
Hispanic	89%	89%	86%	85%
Asian American	91%	91%	83%	92%
Income under \$40,000	87%	82%	82%	79%
Income over \$40,000	86%	83%	84%	83%
College degree	88%	87%	84%	82%
No college degree	87%	82%	82%	80%
Under age 45	87%	83%	84%	78%
Age 45 and older	86%	84%	82%	88%
Children under age 18	88%	85%	84%	81%
No children under age 18	86%	82%	82%	81%





By the Local 1245 Safety Committee



## Workers Comp benefit hikes wouldn't harm state economy

A report by the Commission on Health and Safety and Workers' Compensation unveiled last month finds that an increase in Workers Compensation benefits to injured workers would not harm California's economy, despite frequent claims to the contrary by the business community.

The report follows passage of a bill by the legislature last year to hike Workers Compensation benefits. That bill, SB 320, was ultimately vetoed by Gov. Davis.

The report found that "current resources would provide adequate compensation to workers who lose their ability to compete in the labor market following on-the-job injury." The report concluded that the California economy is "robust" and is projected to remain that way, with state economic growth continuing to

exceed that of the nation as a whole due to faster population growth and the state's "favorable mix" of high-tech industries.

The report notes that industrial injury and illness rates have declined significantly in all industries between 1988 and 1998, even as the California economy was growing. Costs of Workers' Compensation also declined during the past decade and the ratio of these costs to total payroll dropped significantly during the 1990s, the report found.

The report noted that Workers' Compensation benefits have not kept up with inflation. For example, the value of the permanent disability benefit after adjustment for inflation has declined to about 80% of its 1984 value. The Commission said that consideration should be given to indexing benefits to inflation.

The following California legislators in Local 1245's jurisdiction opposed improvements in Workers Compensation benefits:

**California Senate:** Johannessen\*, Knight, Leslie, McPherson, Monteith, Poochigian\*

**California Assembly:** Aanestad, Dickerson, Oller, Cox, Mazzoni\*, Ashburn, Briggs, Cunneen, House, Leach, Maldonado, Olberg, Cardoza\*, Papan\*, Pescetti\*

\*Present for the vote but abstained, in effect voting against the bill

DISHONOR

ROLL 1999

## Help reduce dog bites

One-third of all home insurance liability claims are related to dog attacks, according to the Insurance Information Institute.

The cost is astonishingly high: approximately \$1 billion in claims from 4.5 million dog bites.

Workplace safety programs offer tips to employees on how to deal with confrontations. But there are also things we can do as dog owners to reduce the risk to workers and other visitors to our homes.

- Have your dog spayed or neu-

tered. Studies show that unneutered dogs are three times more likely to bite than neutered dogs.

- "Socialize" your dog so that it learns how to act around people and other animals.
- Play non-aggressive games with your dog. "Go fetch" is generally harmless and many dogs find it endless fascinating. Avoid aggressive games like "tug of war"—it sends the wrong message to your dog about what kind of behavior you expect.

## Think of others before venting

The boss is on your case, the kids are giving you a hard time, you're late for work and every street light is red and the guy in front of you thinks going half the posted speed limit is just fine.

And like the country song says, the dog ran off after your wife left you because the dog liked her better.

OK, it's been rough!

Now you have to deal with other people. Before you vent your rage you might ask yourself, "What kind of day did *they* have?"

Every interaction can be a confrontation, or it can be a productive experience. When you're stressed out, take a moment to look at how you come across to others. Ugly moods can create ugly realities.



Current members of the Local 1245 Safety Committee are: Stoney Burke, Alameda Power & Telecommunications; Keith Hopp, Pacific Gas & Electric; Ralph Muraca, City of Santa Clara; Mark Rose, Davey Tree; Al White, Pacific Gas & Electric; Rod Wright, Modesto Irrigation District; and Assistant Business Manager Art Murray.





## Plenty of ways for retirees to stay involved

### Make a Date...

The Local 1245 Retiree Club invites you to join us for companionship, discussion and projects. Current meeting locations are:

**East Bay Chapter:** meets 2nd Thursday each month, 10 a.m., at Local 1245 headquarters, 3063 Citrus Circle, Walnut Creek, CA.

**San Jose Chapter:** meets 1st Thursday each month, 10 a.m., at Local 332, 1870 Stone Ave., San Jose.

By Orv Owen

**O**n April 8, Local 1245 Retiree Club members attended the Sixth Annual Senior Concerns Rally and Barbecue at Machinists District Lodge 725. This annual rally and barbecue, sponsored by the Santa Clara County Federation of Retired Union Members (FORUM), is grassroots politics in action, an old-fashioned political rally where legislators can speak, enjoy a barbecue lunch and answer questions.

Legislators answered questions from open-floor microphones on preserving Social Security, extending Medicare, restoring the California state infrastructure, raising the minimum wage, affordable housing, and

the World Trade Organization.

Local 1245 retirees were also slated to attend the Congress of California Seniors 23rd Annual State Convention on April 18-20 in Sacramento. The theme of this convention is "2000-Waves of Change." It is designed to teach attendees how to adapt to the many changes we are and will be experiencing. The convention offers opportunities to interact with panel experts on a variety of topics, hear and meet policymakers, attend workshops on keeping pace with our changing world, visit exhibits of new technologies and exchange views in an open forum with attendees from across the state.

Local 1245 retirees will also attend

the 22nd Constitutional Convention of the National Council of Senior Citizens on June 13-15 in Las Vegas, where the theme is "Protect the Legacy-Fulfill the Dream." The major focus will be on ways to develop a successful strategy for winning a universal, comprehensive prescription drug benefit under Medicare while preserving the current-fee-for-service program intact for future generations.

If you have an opportunity to attend functions like these, I highly recommend that you get involved and be involved.

Keep the faith!

Orv Owen is a retired Local 1245 Assistant Business Manager

## 'Granny D', on epic trek, offers reflections on democracy

Doris "Granny D" Haddock is an 89-year old Grandmother who walked across the country in 1999-2000 to publicize the need for campaign finance reform. The following remarks are from a speech in Nashville, Tenn.

I know the work seems never-ending, but "democracy" in fact is a better verb than a noun—it is a work in progress; it is what free people do. We are fortunate, then, that the forces of greed and deception are always busy, giving us the gift of a good fight, which is exactly what we are on this earth for.

In order to pick the best fights, we must be able to visualize a healthy democracy. We must understand the architecture of a good civic life, and focus our repair work strategically.

What indeed are the cornerposts that hold up our temple of democracy?

At the founding cornerpost of our building is a stately—if somewhat chipped—Corinthian column called Education. It is impossible to have proper self-governance if our people are not educated to the task. If our people cannot think for themselves, we cannot sustain ourselves as a free

people.

You are wondering if I am getting off my subject. In our work, we may want to focus on campaign reform and let others look to other issues such as education. But I tell you that we must help each other to strengthen all the cornerposts that keep this house up, or it will surely fall down upon us all.

Holding up another corner of our democracy is a great cornerpost that perhaps we can visualize as a farm silo, for it represents the harvest plenty. Not only must we be free to think for ourselves, we must personally have leisure time and a modest financial surplus. Democracy thrives best in nations where there is a healthy condition of wealth spread throughout the people. Wealth is not defined by high consumption: it is a condition of surplus, of plenty. From plenty comes security, confidence, brave outspokenness, and the ability to participate generously in a family and in a community.

In my trek I have seen many people who are too abused by long working hours and long commutes and short paychecks and credit-based living to be able to properly take care

of their own families, much less take care of their communities.

We may fight our campaign reform battles and think that labor unions and social justice activists will hold up their end of the building, but if all reformers do not stand together to fight for improvements in the working lives of Americans—to fight for a grand new expansion of the middle class through a reemergence of small businesses, fair labor practices, lifetime education, better urban planning, and corporate employment policies that enable people to have lives outside their offices—this democracy we love cannot stand.

At another corner, there is a double-pillar called Equality and Fairness. As we fight for a broad new middle class, we must continue the hard and sometimes frustrating work of bringing all Americans along together. Yes, we are individuals and we have the right to individual fairness and equality. But, yes, we are also groups, and we must be prepared to bring groups into equal status for the good of our best dreams for our democracy.

And a final corner. Democracy is a marketplace where ideas and the



powers of the people come together. If a democracy is a free market of ideas, the ideas must all be seen and heard and understood by all.

When I was a little girl, there were great political speeches in the parks come election season. Just as our towns provided the stages for those debates and speeches, we must now provide modern ways for candidates to have free and equal access to our ears and eyes. Since we can no longer all fit in the park, we must provide a public financing system for candidates who wish to take advantage of it. Otherwise, only those candidates and ideas will be heard who have already sold themselves to power, and they are not honestly offering themselves to us—they are already sold.





Dean Moresco accepts the 35-year award from Business Rep. Kathy Maas.

**35 Years**



**30 Years**



**25 Years**

**Pacifica, Ca.**  
**March 18, 2000**



**40 Years**  
 Guillermo Fonseca

**35 Years**  
 D. L. Moresco  
 L. L. Rodriguez

**30 YEARS**  
 Joe Bacchetto  
 Robert Donofrio  
 Sharon Jeong  
 Jesus Garcia  
 Victor Cipparrone  
 Yu Lap Kyou  
 Thomas Dudley  
 Percy Greer

Jeffery Smethurst  
 Courtney Wheaton  
 Chris Beckman  
 Jerald Olguin  
 Norman Mercer  
 Maria Valle  
 Thomas Teeters  
 William Miller  
 Romy Gotera  
 Raymond Villa  
 Dave Sarmento  
 Frank Cook  
 Delbert Hulse  
 James Bernard  
 Carlos Mencia  
 Charles Moyer  
 David Chan  
 Martin Gilson  
 Robert Fletcher, II  
 Dale Baptiste  
 Jose Paez  
 Helen Barlas  
 Jerry Hahn  
 Enrique Perez

**25 YEARS**  
 Eleanor Alafritz  
 Jose Viray  
 Editha Cabanban  
 Aaron Makaiwi  
 Dennis Goulding  
 Patricia Sotelo  
 Enrique McAllister  
 Ulrich Boeschow  
 Robert Bell  
 Laura Gaylord  
 Michael Bustillos  
 Mary Nieve  
 Richard Mau  
 Ronald Popp  
 Bart Post  
 Robert Stanton  
 John Vanmeter  
 Ervin Hill, Jr.  
 John Petrovitz  
 Lydia Pulido

David Rehn  
 Delores Powell  
 Laurie Daniels  
 Eve Airoso  
 Albert Carrillo  
 Renee MacDonald  
 Estelita Valentin  
 William Traver  
 Helyn Hayes  
 Michael Pon  
 Myron Dong  
 Shirley Henry  
 Robert Hom  
 Gloria Scherpe  
 Linda Pickens  
 Cisto Flores

**20 YEARS**  
 John Moura  
 James Mott  
 Reginald Pryor  
 Victor Rodrigo, Jr.  
 John Gambucci  
 Paul Arruabarrena  
 Delena Roan  
 Angelina Barrientos  
 Generoso Dela Cruz  
 Teresita Dela Cruz  
 Barry Claybaugh  
 Helen Lau  
 Norverto Agcaoili  
 David Carlile  
 Ai Ming Pan  
 Raymond Lee  
 James Cranna  
 Anita Ng  
 Dennis Lee  
 Daniel Milkier  
 Joseph Yee  
 Monica Huey  
 Steven Wong  
 Vivian Price  
 Daniel Pena  
 John Vernatter  
 Paul Jaber  
 Catherine Zugar  
 Liwayway Ramil  
 Bobby Adams  
 Ana Fong  
 Michael Carr

Ignacio Tablizo  
 Terry Radov  
 Gino Rinaldi  
 L. Kim Saunders  
 David Schappert  
 David Wilbrand  
 Grace Castillo  
 Denise Guaraglia  
 John Baladad  
 Dominador Marucut  
 Alan Lee  
 Ron Stuhler  
 Antonio Garcia  
 Celia Chan  
 Danny Durant  
 Phil Dela Calzada  
 Teresita Hernandez  
 Stephen Barnes  
 Norman Mac Kenzie  
 Russell Chin  
 Rafael Fontanilla  
 Anacleto Silva  
 Donald Clark  
 James Little  
 Richard Berrett  
 Robert Hagberg  
 Gary Maschio  
 Lee Rice  
 Robert Carder  
 Paul Santo  
 Clifford Smethurst  
 Joseph Toriggino  
 William Ekberg  
 Robert Olague  
 Melvin Washington  
 Juliet Aparicio  
 Marvin Araquistain  
 Antonio Buendia  
 Jerry Totes  
 Rich Arago  
 Bob Gerstle  
 Edward Fifer  
 Minerva Madrona  
 John Mahoney  
 Javier Avalos  
 Jose Del Real  
 Donna Hersom  
 Mark Stefani  
 Scott Neirby  
 James Trapani



**20 Years**





# Fifteenth Annual IBEW Local 1245 Golf Tournament

**Saturday, Sept. 23**

**Diablo Creek Golf Course**

**First Tee Time: 10:00 a.m.**

Buffet Breakfast  
American Style

Free Refreshments  
On The Course

Guests Are Welcome!  
4-Man Best Ball Scramble  
Limited Tee Spaces  
Entry Deadline: Sept. 6

\$75 Entry Fee  
(Includes Cart, Green Fees and  
Buffet Breakfast)

- *Team Awards (Cash)*
- *Closest to the Hole Contest*
- *Long Drive Contest*
- *Beat McNally*

**Don't Miss Out--Register Now! Deadline is Sept. 6!**

1. Name \_\_\_\_\_  
 Address \_\_\_\_\_

2. Name \_\_\_\_\_  
 Address \_\_\_\_\_

3. Name \_\_\_\_\_  
 Address \_\_\_\_\_

4. Name \_\_\_\_\_  
 Address \_\_\_\_\_

**Fore!**

Checks  
 Payable to  
 "Local 1245  
 Golf Tournament"  
 Mail to:  
 PO Box 4790  
 Walnut Creek,  
 CA 94596

For Further  
 Information Call:  
 Frank Saxsenmeier  
 925-933-6060 Ext. 338  
 or 707-939-7611  
 Hunter Stern  
 925-933-6060 Ext. 246  
 or 415-289-9042

*Foursomes are not necessary*

**Hors D'oevres and Awards  
 Immediately Following**

**Diablo Creek Golf Course  
 4050 Port Chicago Highway  
 Concord, California  
 (925) 686-6266**